

LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – MEDICAL SOCIOLOGY.

FIRST SEMESTER – APRIL 2010

SO 1806 - INDIAN SOCIAL SYSTEM AND HEALTH

Date & Time: 29/04/2010 / 1:00 - 4:00

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

PART-A

Answer ALL the following questions in 30 words each :

(10 x 2=20 marks)

1. Is population explosion in a country a bane or a boon? Explain.
2. How is food and health related?
3. Write a brief note about the infant mortality rate in India.
4. What are the reasons for the fertility decline in urban India?
5. Mention any two important factors responsible for the collective sentiment and solidarity in rural area.
6. What are the predominant diseases reported in Chennai slums?
7. How are Indian tribes classified?
8. Specify some popular medicines among Indian tribes.
9. What are the two dreadful diseases that have affected the population of Harappan civilization?
10. What are the two reasons for which Gandhi opposed the use of modern medicine?

PART-B

Answer any FIVE of the following questions in 300 words each :

(5 x 8 =40 marks)

11. Elucidate the geographical approach to health and diseases in India.
12. Explain briefly the characteristics of SC and ST households.
13. How does caste and caste panchayat get reinforced after the implementation of Panchayat Raj Act 1996?
14. Write a brief note on urban social stratification.
15. Discuss the various factors responsible for the emergence of middle class among the tribal population.
16. What are the causal factors that induced the introduction of spectacles in India?
17. Delineate the Western Medical practice in Travancore.

PART-C

Answer any TWO of the following questions in 1200 words each :

(2x20=40 marks)

18. Explain the sociological and social anthropological approaches to health and diseases.
19. How does human life become risky in the wake of ever increasing environmental pollution?
20. Write an essay on the origin of Tribal movements and its various demands.
21. Discuss in detail about smallpox and its treatment in pre-modern India.
